SENT VIA E-MAIL:

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CEQA@ucr.edu

Stephanie Tang, Campus Environmental Planner University of California, Riverside Planning, Design & Construction 1223 University Avenue, Suite 240 Riverside, California 92507

**AQMD** (909) 396-2000 • www.aqmd.gov

## <u>Draft Environmental Impact Report (DEIR) for the Proposed</u> 2021 Long Range Development Plan (Proposed Project) (SCH No.: 2020070120)

South Coast Air Quality Management District (South Coast AQMD) staff appreciates the opportunity to comment on the above-mentioned document. The University of California, Riverside is the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Lead Agency for the Proposed Project. The following comments include recommended revisions to the CEQA air quality analysis for regional construction impacts from cleanup activities and information on South Coast AQMD rules and permits that the Lead Agency should incorporate into the Final EIR.

## South Coast AQMD Staff's Summary of Project Descriptions in the Draft EIR

Based on the Draft EIR, the Proposed Project consists of development of strategies, actions, and programs to accommodate increases in enrollment capacity from 23,922 students to 35,000 students and 3.7 million square feet of academic buildings with a planning horizon of 2036 on 1,108 acres. Certain locations on campus may have been contaminated by various hazardous substances because of the former uses such as leaks from unidentified underground storage tanks, or unidentified buried debris that could contain hazardous substances or hazardous byproducts<sup>1</sup>. As such, Mitigation Measure HAZ-1 requires additional environmental site assessments be conducted, and based on results of the assessments, remediation or corrective action would be conducted prior to or during construction in compliance with applicable federal and state laws and regulation<sup>2</sup>.

## South Coast AQMD Staff's Comments

Based on a review of the Draft EIR and supporting technical appendices, South Coast AQMD staff has two comments.

CEQA Air Quality Analysis for Regional Construction Impacts from Cleanup Activities

Based on the Hazards and Hazardous Materials Section in the Draft EIR, remediation or corrective actions such as removal of contaminated soil, in-situ treatment, capping, and engineering controls is reasonably foreseeable and would be conducted as part of project construction<sup>3</sup>. The Lead Agency did not quantify emissions from cleanup activities. Cleanup

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Draft EIR. Section 4.9. Hazards and Hazardous Materials. 4.9.1 – Environmental Setting. Page 4.9-2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> *Ibid.* Pages ES-41 and 42.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> *Ibid*.

activities will likely involve the use of heavy-duty, diesel-fueled trucks for soil export and result in emissions from vehicle trips by workers that will be required to conduct cleanup activities. Additionally, cleanup activities will likely require the use of additional equipment that may be different from typical equipment for grading and site preparation for construction. Since cleanup activities are reasonably foreseeable at the time the EIR is prepared, the Lead Agency should use good faith, best efforts to provide information on the scope, types, and duration of cleanup activities, quantify emissions from cleanup activities, and include those emissions in the Proposed Project's construction emissions profile to be compared to South Coast AQMD's air quality CEQA significance thresholds for construction to determine the level of significance in the Final EIR. Alternatively, if emissions from cleanup activities are not included in the Final EIR, the Lead Agency should provide reasons for not including them supported by substantial evidence in the record or consider making the following revisions to the existing Mitigation Measure HAZ-1 to include a commitment that potential environmental impacts from future cleanup activities will be required to be evaluated under CEQA prior to commencing any remediation or corrective actions. The recommended revisions are shown in underline.

MM HAZ 1 Property Assessment – Phase I and II ESAs. During the pre-planning stage of campus projects on previously developed sites or on agricultural lands (current or historic), and in coordination with EH&S, UCR shall obtain documentation from EH&S or prepare a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) assessing the land use history of the proposed project site and identify potential hazardous materials concerns, including, but not limited to, fuel tanks, chemical storage, presence of elemental mercury, elevator pistons and associated hydraulic oil reservoirs and piping, heating-oil USTs, or agricultural uses. If the Phase I ESAs, or similar documentation, identify recognized environmental conditions or potential concern areas, a Phase II ESA would be conducted in coordination with EH&S to determine whether the soil, groundwater, and/or soil vapor has been impacted at concentrations exceeding regulatory screening levels for residential or commercial/industrial type land uses (as applicable). If the Phase II ESA concludes that the site is or may be impacted and could affect the planned development, assessment, remediation, or corrective action (e.g., removal of contaminated soil, in-situ treatment, capping, engineering controls) would be conducted prior to or during construction under the oversight of federal, State, and/or local agencies (e.g., US EPA, DTSC, RWOCB, RFD, RCDEH) and in full compliance with current and applicable federal and State laws and regulations, including but are not limited to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). Assessment, remediation, or corrective action must be evaluated under CEQA prior to commencing the assessment, remediation, or corrective action. Additionally, Voluntary Cleanup Agreements may be used for parcels where remediation or long-term monitoring is necessary.

Responsible Agency and South Coast AQMD Permits and Rules

Disturbing and excavated soils that may contain hydrocarbons or toxic air contaminants are subject to the requirements of South Coast AQMD Rule 1166 – Volatile Organic Compound Emissions from Decontamination of Soil<sup>4</sup>, and Rule 1466 – Control of Particulate Emissions

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> South Coast AQMD. Rule 1166 – Volatile Organic Compound Emissions from Decontamination of Soil. Accessed at: <a href="http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/rule-book/reg-xi/rule-1166.pdf">http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/rule-book/reg-xi/rule-1166.pdf</a>.

from Soils with Toxic Air Contaminants<sup>5</sup>. Since the soil and environmental site assessments are reasonably foreseeable under Mitigation Measure (MM) HAZ-1, the Lead Agency should include a discussion on South Coast AQMD Rules 1166 and 1466 in the Air Quality Section of the Final EIR.

If the soil and environmental site assessments involve the use of equipment which either emits or controls air pollution, South Coast AQMD staff should be consulted in advance to determine whether or not any permits or plans are required to be filed and approved by South Coast AQMD prior to the operation of such equipment, and to identify if any other South Coast AQMD Rules, such as Rule 431.2 – Sulfur Content of Liquid Fuels<sup>6</sup> and Rule 1110.2 – Emissions from Gaseous and Liquid-Fueled Engines<sup>7</sup> will be applicable to the Proposed Project and discussed in the Final EIR.

Operation of portable engines and portable equipment units of 50 brake horsepower or greater (> 50bhp) that emit particulate matter requires a permit from South Coast AQMD or registration under the Portable Equipment Registration Program (PERP) through the California Air Resources Board (CARB)<sup>8</sup>. The Lead Agency should consult with South Coast AOMD's Engineering and Permitting staff to determine if there is any diesel-powered equipment during implementation that will require a South Coast AQMD permit or if the equipment will need to be registered under the PERP through CARB. If a permit from South Coast AQMD is required, South Coast AQMD is a Responsible Agency for the Proposed Project and should be identified in the Final EIR. Any assumptions used in the Air Quality Analysis in the Final EIR will be used as the basis for permit conditions and limits for the Proposed Project. Should there be any questions on permits, please contact South Coast AQMD's Engineering and Permitting staff at (909) 396-3385. For more general information on permits, please visit South Coast AQMD's webpage at: http://www.aqmd.gov/home/permits. For more information on the PERP Program, 324-5869 contact **CARB** (916)visit CARB's https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/our-work/programs/portable-equipment-registration-program-perp.

## Conclusion

Pursuant to California Public Resources Code Section 21092.5(a) and CEQA Guidelines Section 15088(b), South Coast AQMD staff requests that the Lead Agency provide South Coast AQMD staff with written responses to all comments contained herein prior to the certification of the Final EIR. In addition, issues raised in the comments should be addressed in detail giving reasons why specific comments and suggestions are not accepted. There should be good faith, reasoned analysis in response. Conclusory statements unsupported by factual information will not suffice (CEQA Guidelines Section 15088(c)). Conclusory statements do not facilitate the purpose and goal of CEQA on public disclosure and are not meaningful, informative, or useful to decision makers and to the public who are interested in the Proposed Project. Further, if the Lead Agency makes the findings that recommended revisions to the existing mitigation measures are

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> South Coast AQMD. Rule 1466 – control of Particulate Emissions from Soils with Toxic Air Contaminants. Accessed at: https://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/rule-book/reg-xiv/rule-1466.pdf.

<sup>6</sup> South Coast AQMD. Rule 431.2 – Sulfur Content of Liquid Fuels. Accessed at: <a href="http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/rule-book/rule-iv/rule-431-2.pdf">http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/rule-book/rule-iv/rule-431-2.pdf</a>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> South Coast AQMD. Rule 1110.2 – Emissions from Gaseous- and Liquid-Fueled Engines. Accessed at: http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/rule-book/reg-xi/rule-1110-2.pdf.

<sup>8</sup> South Coast AQMD. Portable Equipment Registration Program (PERP). Accessed at: http://www.aqmd.gov/home/permits/equipment-registration/perp.

not feasible, the Lead Agency should describe the specific reasons supported by substantial evidence for rejecting them in the Final EIR (CEQA Guidelines Section 15091).

South Coast AQMD staff is available to work with the Lead Agency to address any air quality questions that may arise from this comment letter. Please contact me at <a href="mailto:lsun@aqmd.gov">lsun@aqmd.gov</a> should you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Lijin Sun

Lijin Sun

Program Supervisor, CEQA IGR

Planning, Rule Development & Area Sources

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