

# AQ-SPEC

## Air Quality Sensor Performance Evaluation Center Evaluation Summary

### Sensor Description

Manufacturer/Model:  
FabLab/  
Smart Citizen Kit v2.1

Pollutants:  
PM<sub>1.0</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub> and PM<sub>10</sub>  
mass concentration

Time Resolution:  
1-min

Type: Optical



- Overall, the accuracy of the Smart Citizen Kit v2.1 (SCK 2.1) sensors increased (from ~63% to 80%) as PM<sub>1.0</sub> mass concentrations increased; the accuracy decreased (from ~93% to 64%) as PM<sub>2.5</sub> mass concentrations increased. Overall, the SCK 2.1 sensors underestimated the corresponding PM<sub>1.0</sub> measurements and overestimated the corresponding PM<sub>2.5</sub> measurements from GRIMM in the laboratory experiments at 20 °C and 40% RH.
- The SCK 2.1 sensors exhibited high precision for all T/RH combinations and all PM concentrations for PM<sub>1.0</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub> mass concentrations.
- The SCK 2.1 sensors (IDs: 7FD1, 3423 and 4E34) showed low intra-model variability for both the field and laboratory evaluations.
- Data recovery was ~100% from all units in the field and laboratory evaluations for all PM measurements.
- For PM<sub>1.0</sub>, the SCK 2.1 sensors showed very strong correlations with the corresponding GRIMM data ( $R^2 \sim 0.96$ ); and showed strong correlations with the corresponding reference data from the field evaluations for PM<sub>2.5</sub> ( $0.71 < R^2 < 0.80$ ) and very strong correlations with GRIMM in the laboratory evaluations ( $R^2 > 0.99$  for PM<sub>1.0</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub>). For PM<sub>10</sub>, the sensors showed no correlations with the corresponding reference data ( $0.03 < R^2 < 0.10$ ).
- The same three SCK 2.1 units were tested both in the field (1<sup>st</sup> stage of testing) and in the laboratory (2<sup>nd</sup> stage of testing).

### Field Evaluation Highlights

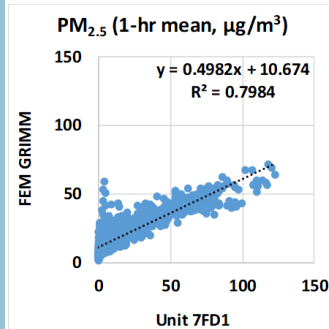
- Deployment period 09/19/2019– 11/19/2019: the three SCK 2.1 sensors showed very strong, strong and no correlations with the corresponding reference data for PM<sub>1.0</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub> and PM<sub>10</sub> mass concentrations, respectively.
- The units showed low intra-model variability and data recovery was ~ 100%.

1-hr mean, all ref inst.

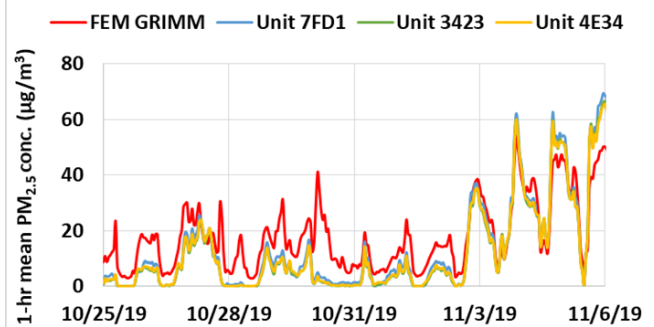
PM<sub>1.0</sub>: ~ 0.96

PM<sub>2.5</sub>:  $0.71 < R^2 < 0.80$

PM<sub>10</sub>:  $0.03 < R^2 < 0.10$



SCK 2.1 vs FEM GRIMM



Coefficient of Determination ( $R^2$ ) quantifies how the three sensors followed the PM<sub>2.5</sub> concentration change by the reference instruments.

An  $R^2$  approaching the value of 1 reflects a near perfect agreement, whereas a value of 0 indicates a complete lack of correlation.

### Additional

#### Field evaluation report:

<http://www.aqmd.gov/aq-spec/evaluations/field>

#### Lab evaluation report:

<http://www.aqmd.gov/aq-spec/evaluations/laboratory>

#### AQ-SPEC website:

<http://www.aqmd.gov/aq-spec>

# Laboratory Evaluation Highlights

## Accuracy (PM<sub>2.5</sub>)

$$A (\%) = 100 - \frac{|\bar{X} - \bar{R}|}{\bar{R}} * 100$$

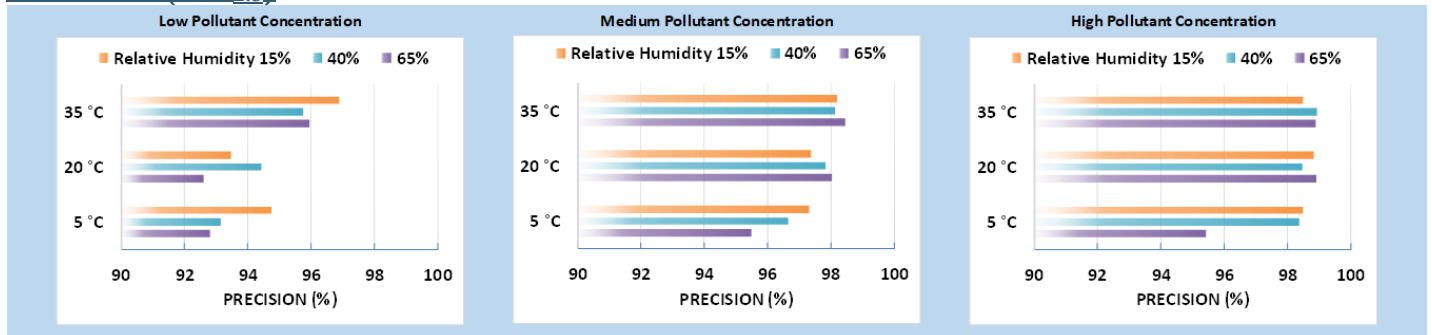
| Steady state # | Sensor Mean (µg/m <sup>3</sup> ) | FEM GRIMM (µg/m <sup>3</sup> ) | Accuracy (%) |
|----------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| 1              | 9.3                              | 8.7                            | 92.7         |
| 2              | 17.6                             | 14.8                           | 81.4         |
| 3              | 63.0                             | 48.1                           | 69.0         |
| 4              | 195.3                            | 149.4                          | 69.2         |
| 5              | 340.2                            | 250.3                          | 64.1         |

Accuracy was evaluated by a concentration ramping experiment at 20 °C and 40% RH. The sensor's readings at each ramping steady state are compared to the reference instrument.

A negative % means sensors' overestimation by more than two fold. The higher the positive value (close to 100%), the higher the sensor's accuracy.



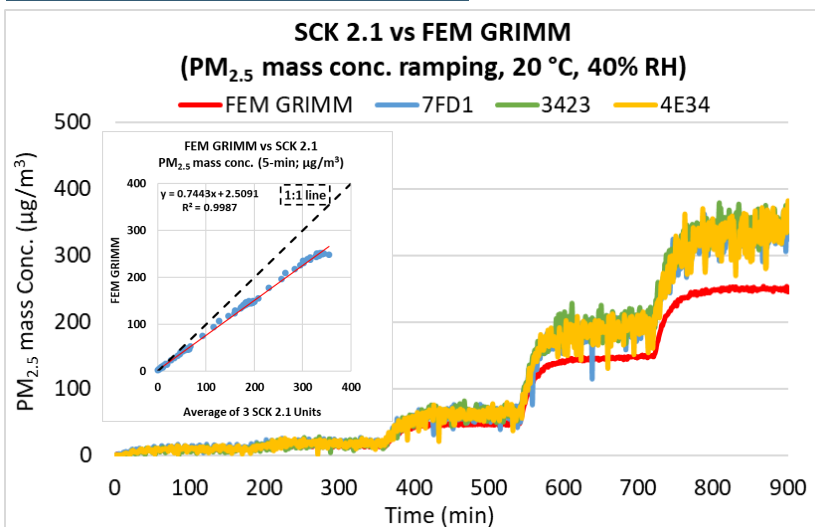
## Precision (PM<sub>2.5</sub>)



100% represents high precision.

Sensor's ability to generate precise measurements of PM<sub>2.5</sub> concentration at low, medium, and high pollutant levels were evaluated under 9 combinations of T and RH, including extreme weather conditions like cold and dry (5 °C and 15% RH), cold and humid (5 °C and 65% RH), hot and humid (35 °C and 65% RH), or hot and dry (35 °C and 15% RH).

## Coefficient of Determination



The SCK 2.1 sensors showed very strong correlations with the corresponding FEM PM<sub>2.5</sub> data ( $R^2 > 0.99$ ) at 20 °C/40% RH.

For conc. ramping experiments of PM<sub>1.0</sub>, please see the lab report.

## Climate Susceptibility

From the laboratory studies, temperature and relative humidity had minimal effect on the SCK 2.1 sensors' precision. At the set-points of RH changes, the sensors showed spiked conc. changes at 5 °C and showed significant concentration variation at 5 °C/65% RH.

## Observed Interferents

N/A



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